

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for generating an electronic signal, comprising:
 2. determining an update phase-angle associated with the electronic signal;
 3. computing a first value of a function based on an interpolation using a first set of data-values that generally describe the function, the update phase-angle and a second set of pre-calculated-values, wherein the pre-calculated values are based on spacing differences between the data-values; and
 7. updating the electronic signal based on the first value.
1. 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of interpolating is based on a Lagrange technique.
1. 3. The method of claim 1, further wherein the data-values are equally-spaced.
1. 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the pre-calculated values are substantially the same value.
1. 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the function is a cyclic function and the data-point spacing is expressed in terms of cycles.
1. 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the function is a sinusoid.
1. 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the data-values are derived from a table of data-values representing less than a cycle of the sinusoid.
1. 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the electronic signal is an analog signal having sinusoidal form.
1. 9. The method of claim 1, further comprising producing a communication signal having embedded information based on the electronic signal.
1. 10. An apparatus for generating an electronic signal, comprising:
 2. a memory that contains an update phase-angle associated with the electronic signal, a first table of data-values that generally describe a function, and a second table of pre-calculated-values, wherein the pre-calculated values are based on spacing differences between the data-values;
 6. one or more devices that compute a first value of the function based on an interpolation using the update phase-angle, the first set of data-values from the first table and the second set of pre-calculated-values from the second table; and
 8. an interface that updates the electronic signal based on the first value.

1 11. The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the one or more devices use a
2 Lagrange interpolation technique.

1 12. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the data-values are equally-spaced.

1 13. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the pre-calculated values are
2 substantially the same value.

1 14. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the function is a cyclic function and
2 the data-point spacing is expressed in terms of cycles.

1 15. The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the electronic signal is an electronic
2 analog signal having sinusoidal form.

1 16. The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the electronic signal is used to produce
2 a communication signal having embedded information.

1 17. A machine-readable medium including instructions for generating an
2 electronic signal, the instructions being arranged to cause a machine to perform the steps
3 of:

4 determining an update phase-angle associated with the electronic signal;
5 computing a first value of a function based on an interpolation using a first
6 set of data-values that generally describe the function, the update phase-angle and a
7 second set of pre-calculated-values, wherein the pre-calculated values are based on
8 spacing differences between the data-values; and

9 updating the electronic signal based on the first value.

1 18. The machine-readable medium of claim 17, wherein the step of
2 interpolating is based on a Lagrange technique.

1 19. The machine-readable medium of claim 18, wherein the data-values are
2 equally-spaced.

1 20. An apparatus for generating an electronic signal, comprising:
2 a determining means that determines an update phase-angle associated
3 with the electronic signal;

4 a computing means that computes a first value of a function based on the
5 update phase-angle, an interpolation using a first set of data-values that generally describe
6 the function and a second set of pre-calculated-values, wherein the pre-calculated values
7 are based on spacing differences between the data-values; and

8 a generating means that generates the electronic signal based on the first
9 value.

1 21. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the computing means uses a Lagrange
2 interpolation technique.

1 22. The apparatus of claim 21, wherein the data-values are equally-spaced.